Second, that no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the denied person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by a denied person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby a denied person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the denied person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the denied person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and that is owned, possessed or controlled by a denied person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by a denied person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, that after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in § 766.23 of the Regulations, any person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to the denied person by affiliation, ownership, control, or position of responsibility in the conduct of trade or related services may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order.

Fourth, that this Order does not prohibit any export, reexport, or other transaction subject to the Regulations where the only items involved that are subject to the Regulations are the foreign-produced direct product of U.S.-origin technology.

Fifth, that a copy of this Order shall be served on Ace and BXA, and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

This Order, which constitutes final agency action in this matter, is effective immediately.

Dated: August 8, 1997.

William A. Reinsch,

Under Secretary for Export Administration. [FR Doc. 97–21453 Filed 8–13–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DT–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-549-502]

Notice of Extension of Time Limit for Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Circular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes From Thailand

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 14, 1997.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) is extending the time limit for the final results of the antidumping duty administrative review for the antidumping order on Certain Circular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes from Thailand, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (hereinafter, "the Act").

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Totaro or Dorothy Woster, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone (202) 482–1398 or 482–3362, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under § 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department may extend the deadline for completion of an administrative review if it determines that it is not practicable to complete the review within the statutory time limit of 365 days. In the instant case, the Department has determined that it is not practicable to complete this review within the statutory time limit. See Memorandum from Joseph A. Spetrini to Robert S. LaRussa (August 7, 1997).

Because it is not practicable to complete this review within the time limits mandated by the Act (245 days from the last day of the anniversary month for preliminary results, 120 days after publication of the preliminary determination for final results), in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department is extending the time limit for the final results until October 7, 1997.

Dated: August 8, 1997.

Roland L. MacDonald,

Executive Director, AD/CVD Enforcement Office VII.

[FR Doc. 97–21582 Filed 8–13–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-351-820]

Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Ferrosilicon From Brazil

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: On April 8, 1997, the Department of Commerce (the Department) published the preliminary results of its administrative review of the antidumping duty order on Ferrosilicon from Brazil. This review covers exports of this merchandise to the United States by two manufacturers/exporters, Companhia Brasileria Carbureto de Calcio ("CBCC") and Companhia Ferroligas Minas Gerais-Minasligas ("Minasligas"), during the period March 1, 1995, through February 29, 1996.

We gave interested parties an opportunity to comment on the preliminary results. Based on our analysis of the comments received and the correction of certain clerical and computer programming errors, we have changed our results from those presented in our preliminary results, as described below in the comment section of this notice. The final results are listed below in the section "Final Results of Review."

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 14, 1997.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Cameron Werker or Sal Tauhidi,
AD/CVD Enforcement Group II, Office
Four, Import Administration,
International Trade Administration,
U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th
Street and Constitution Avenue, NW.,
Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202)
482–3874 and (202) 482–4851,
respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act), by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the